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TEST REPORT

IEC 62471:2006

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

Report reference No SZ2230215-06521E-SF

Compiled by (+ signature) Engineer: Vic Zhang

Date of issue 2023-02-17

Testing laboratory Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Guangdong, China

Testing location Same as above

Applicant Hongli Zhihui Group Co.,Ltd. Guangzhou Branch.

Huadu District, Guangzhou, China.

Standard: IEC 62471:2006

Test sample(s) received...... 2023-02-15

Test in period...... 2023-02-16

Type of test object LED Package

Trademark N.A

Model/type reference HL-AS-2835HW-3C-S1-08L-PCT-HR2

Manufacturer...... Hongli Zhihui Group Co.,Ltd. Guangzhou Branch.

Room 316, Building 2, No.1, Xianke Yi Road, Huadong Town,

Huadu District, Guangzhou, China.

Rating Input: 9.6Vdc, 100mA

Copy of marking plate:

None



Test item particulars

Tested lamp:LED PACKAGE

Tested lamp system:N.A

Lamp classification group.....: Exempt Group

Rated of the lampSee rating

Furthermore marking on the lamp...... N.A.

Seasoning of lamps according EN standard No seasoning

Temperature by measurement.....24°C

Information for safety use....:N.A

Possible test case verdicts:

- -test case does not apply to the test object......N(.A.)
- -test object does meet the requirement......P(ass)
- -test object does not meet the requirement......F(ail)

General remarks:

The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.

"(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a point is used as the decimal separator.

List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review.

Remark:

Appendix A - EUT photos

General Product Information:

"EUT" as referred in this report is LED PACKAGE.



Report No.: SZ2230215-06521E-S					
	IEC 62471:2006				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р		
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471: 2006moved into a new informative Annex ZB		Р		
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:		Р		
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471: 2006	See Table 6.1	Р		
Annex ZB	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р		
4.1	General		Р		
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		P		
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²	>10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²	P		
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р		
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р		
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J.m ⁻² within any 8-hour period		Р		
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, Es, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:	Es= 6.512×10 ⁻⁴ W·m ⁻²	Р		
	$E_{s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot s_{uv}(\lambda) \cdot \triangle t \cdot \triangle \lambda \leq 30 J \cdot m^{-2}$		Р		
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р		
	t _{max} =30/E _s	t _{max} =30/(6.512×10 ⁻⁴)= 4.607×10 ⁴ s	Р		
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р		
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J.m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m ⁻²	See Table 6.1	Р		
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		N		
	t _{max} ≤10000/E _{UVA} s		N		



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4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р		
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury fromchronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectralradiance of the light source weighted against theblue-light hazard function, B(_), i.e., the blue-lightweighted radiance, LB, shall not exceed the levelsdefined by:		Р		
	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \triangle t \cdot \triangle \lambda \le 10^{6} \text{ J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$		N		
	$L_B = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \triangle \lambda \le 100 \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	See Table 6.1	Р		
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	α=0.0060	P		
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_, weighted against the blue-light hazard function B(_) shall not exceed the levels defined by: see table 4.2		Р		
	$E_{\mathrm{B}} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \triangle t \cdot \triangle \lambda \leq 100 \mathrm{ J} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{-2}$		Р		
	$E_B = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \triangle \lambda \le 1 \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		Р		
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р		
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L_, weighted by the burn hazard weighting function R(_) (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P		
	$L_{R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	See Table 6.1	Р		
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual stimulus		Р		
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, LIR, as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		Р		
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} $ W·m ⁻² ·sr ⁻¹	See Table 6.1	Р		
		<u> </u>			



Verdict
Р
N
N
Р
Р
Р
Р
P
Р
Р
Р
N
N
Р
Р
Р
Р
Р



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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р		
	- the appropriateEN lamp standard, or		N		
	- the manufacturer's recommendation		Р		
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		N		
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		N		
	– the appropriateEN standard, or		N		
	- the manufacturer's recommendation		N		
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р		
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р		
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р		
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р		
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р		
<u> </u>	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р		
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р		
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р		
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р		
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р		
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N		
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.		N		
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р		
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.	α=0.0060	Р		
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N		
	The determination of $\triangle t$, the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the timeduring which the emission is > 50% of its peakvalue.		N		
5.3	Analysis methods		Р		
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		N		
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear interpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired.		N		
5.3.2	Calculations		P		



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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р		
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р		
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.		Р		
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		Р		
	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:		Р		
	– for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm		N		
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 	200 mm	Р		
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р		
6.1.1	Exempt Group		Р		
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р		
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (ES) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р		
	– a near-UV hazard (EUVA) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor		Р		
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р		
	- a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor		Р		
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 1000 s 		Р		
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N		
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N		
	– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (ES) within 10000 s, nor		N		
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (EUVA) within 300 s, nor		N		
	- a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 100 s, nor		N		
	- a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor		N		
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 100 s 		N		
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 100 s are in Risk Group		N		
6.1.3	1. Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N		
			. ,		



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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict		
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N		
	- an actinic ultraviolet hazard (ES) within 1000 s exposure, nor		N		
	a near ultraviolet hazard (EUVA) within 100 s, nor		N		
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (LB) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N		
	– a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor		N		
	– an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (EIR) within 10 s		N		
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N		
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N		
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N		
6.2	Pulsed lamps		N		
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse andto any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N		
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer.		N		
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N		
	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High- Risk) 		N		
	 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group 		N		
	 for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission 		N		



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able 4.1 Spectral	weighting function for assessing	ultraviolet hazards for sk	kin and eye -
Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030
	1		

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.
 * Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Γable 4.2	Spectral weighting f opticalsources	functions for assessing retinal haza	ards from broadband
	Wavelength	Blue-light hazard function	Burn hazard function
	nm	B()	R()
	300	0,01	-
	305	0,01	-
	310	0,01	-
	315	0,01	-
	320	0,01	-
	325	0,01	-
	330	0,01	-
	335	0,01	-
	340	0,01	-
	345	0,01	-
	350	0,01	-
	355	0,01	-
	360	0,01	-
	365	0,01	-
	370	0,01	-
	375	0,01	-
	380	0,01	0,1
	385	0,013	0,13
	390	0,025	0,25
	395	0,05	0,5
	400	0,10	1,0
	405	0,20	2,0
	410	0,40	4,0
	415	0,80	8,0
	420	0,90	9,0
	425	0,95	9,5
	430	0,98	9,8
	435	1,00	10,0
	440	1,00	10,0
	445	0,97	9,7
	450	0,94	9,4
	455	0,90	9,0
	460	0,80	8,0
	465	0,70	7,0
	470	0,62	6,2
	475	0,55	5,5
	480	0,45	4,5
	485	0,40	4,0
	490	0,22	2,2
	495	0,16	1,6
	500-600	10 ^[(450-λ)/50]	1,0
	600-700	0,001	1,0
	700-1050	0,013	10 ^[(700-\lambda)/500]
	1050-1150	0,025	0,2
	1150-1200	0,05	0,2. ^{100.02(1150-λ)}
	1200-1400	0,10	0,02

^{*} Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolational intermediate wavelengths.



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*Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)				-
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength Range nm	Explosure aperture rad(deg)	Limiting aperture rad(deg)	EL in items of constant irradiance W.m ⁻²
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot S(\lambda)$ $\cdot \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t
Eye UV-A	$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10
Blue-light small source	$E_{B} = \sum E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda)$ $\cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100
Skin thermal	$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}

Table 5.5	Summary of the E	-				
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength Range nm	Explosure duration Sec	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant radiance W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹)	
Blue light	$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	0,25 - 10 10-100 100-10000 ≥ 10000	0,011•√(t/10) 0,011 0,0011•√t 0,1	10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100	
Retinal thermal	$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	< 0,25 0,25 – 10	0,0017 0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(α•t 0,25) 50000/(α•t 0,25)	
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda)$ $\cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000/α	



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Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps							Р	
Risk	Action spectrum	Units	Symbol	Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	Suv(λ)	W.m ⁻²	Es	0.001	6.512×10 ⁻⁴	0.003	-	0.03	-
Near UV		W.m ⁻²	Euva	10	2.668×10 ⁻⁴	33	-	100	-
Blue light	B(λ)	W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹	L _B	100	9.458×10 ¹	10000	-	4000000	-
Blue light,small source	B(λ)	W.m ⁻²	Ев	1.0	8.680×10 ⁻¹	1.0	-	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹	L _R	28000/α (α=0.0060)	5.809×10 ⁴	28000/α (α=0.0060)	-	71000/α (α=0.0060)	-
Retinal thermal, Weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	W.m ⁻² .sr ⁻¹	L _{IR}	6000/α (α=0.0060)	5.616×10 ⁰	6000/α (α=0.0060)	-	6000/α (α=0.0060)	-
IR radiation Eye		W.m ⁻²	E _{IR}	100	0	570	-	3200	-

^{*} Small source defined as one with α < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.

NOTE The action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2

The applicance apertuer diameters: see 4.2.1

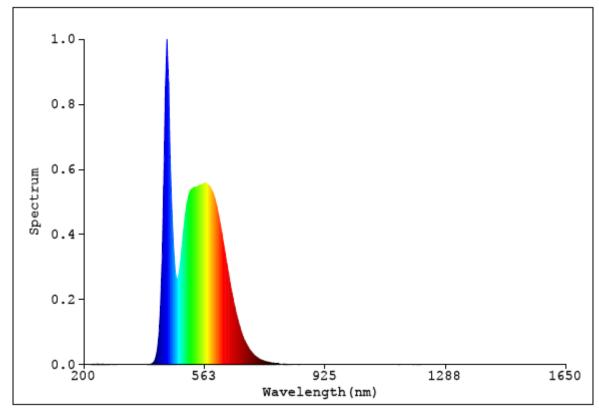
The limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2

The related measurement condition 5.2.3 and the range of acceptance angles: see Table 5.5

^{**} Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



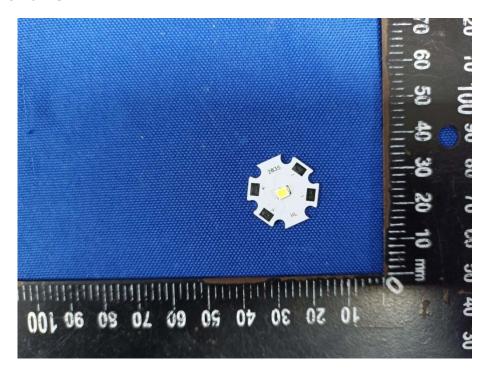
Figure of Spectral distribution





Appendix A - EUT Photos

The overall view of EUT





Directions:

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- 1. The information marked # is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report.
- 2.Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.
- 3.Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.
- 4. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.
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- 7.For the difference between the tested model and the multiple models, the applicant had provided a statement and promised to be responsible for its authenticity. The laboratory has confirmed the difference of relevant samples before testing.

End of report